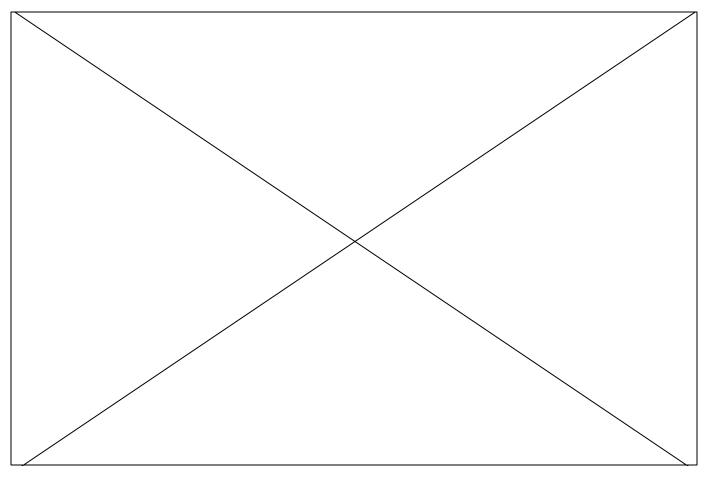
## Interactive Imaging Workstation



# Applications

TheInteractiveImagingWorkstationgivesyoutheabilitytocreate visuallyenhancedHyperCard® stacksthatdisplaydigitized imagesfromavarietyofsources,

includingvideo-tapes,videodiscs, videocameras, books, and twoandthree-dimensionalart. Thisworkstationalsosimplifies desktoppublishingbyallowing

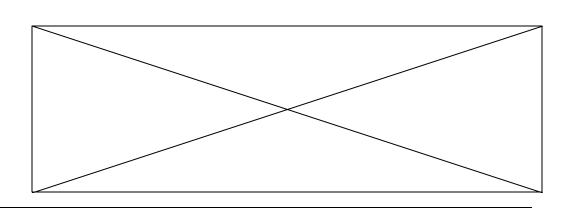
youtoelectronicallyinsertawide

rangeofimagesintoanydocument. Youcaneventakevideo cameraimagesanddigitizethem foruseinprintedpieces.



EquipmentDescriptions	Computer AnApple®Macintosh®Plus,MacintoshSE,or MacintoshIIcomputer can serve as the basis for this work station. However, if you want to digitize or scan images at 256 levels of gray, a Macintosh II with 2 or more megabytes of RAM	imagefrom analog to digital signal, the video image must be still for 3 to 30 seconds. The frame-grab video digitizer does not require a still video image hecause it captures a single video frame in 1/30 of a second.
	isrecommended.	Video input sources Video sources mayinclude one or more of the
	Apple Scanner The Apple Scannerwillscan an illustration, line art, or photograph that is 8-1/2 inches by 14 inches insize or smaller. These images can then	following: videodiscplayer, videocassette player, orvideo camera. These components should all be of above-average quality.
	beimported into a HyperCard stack and modified as desired. AppleScan <sup>™</sup> and Hyper- Scan <sup>™</sup> software are included with the Apple Scanner. The Apple Scanner can also be used for desktop publishing.	Audiovisual cables Stereopatch cables may be needed to connect the video source to a stereo television monitor. The video patch cables should be of high quality.
	Video digitizing device Videodigitizers accept the standard NTSC (and sometimes PAL) videosignal. Videodigitizers come in two types: slow scan or frame grab. For the slow-scan videodigitizer to translate the	Television monitor The television monitor should have stereo input and stereo speaker output if it will be used with a video source that has stereo. The monitor should be of above-average quality.

### Configuration



#### Process

- 1. Determine the purpose and objective of your HyperCardpresentation.
- 2 DesignandcreatetheHyperCardstacksthat willcontainyourdigitizedimages.
- Dotheimagescanning.
   a. Identify and gather the two-dimensional imagestobescanned.
   b. Scantheimagesusing HyperScanor AppleScansoftware.

c. Ifyouareusing AppleScan, savethe scannedimages as MacPaintfiles. If you are using HyperScan, savethescanned images ascards.

d. Open the HyperCard stack to receive scanned images.

e. Import the MacPaintfiles or HyperCard cards to the appropriate location in your HyperCardstack.

4 Do the video digitizing.
a. Identify the video images and/or sequences to be digitized.
b. Test various contrast and brightness settings.

c. Digitize the video selections and save them as MacPaintfiles.

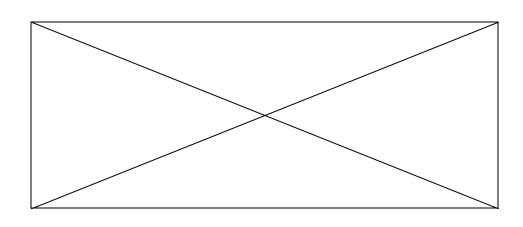
d. Open the HyperCard stack to receive digitized images.

e. Import the MacPaintfiles to the appropriate cards in your stack.

5 Scaleormodifyimagesasnecessary.

Design Considerations	Obtain the highest-qualityimagespossible.	<ul> <li>Use original art whenever it is available, or excellent-qualitycopies.</li> <li>Use a dithered (random) dot pattern before saving images as MacPaintfiles.</li> <li>Use the line art setting when scanning illustrations that don't have continuous tone. When using a Macintosh II computer, sety our monitor to 256 levels of gray.</li> <li>If you do not use a frame-grab device for digitizing, make sure that the video image is perfectly still for the digitizing sequence.</li> </ul>
	Consider the CPU requirements of your project	AMacintosh II computer is strongly recommended because of its speed and its ability to display gray scales.
Workstation Components	<ul> <li>Macintosh Plus, Macintosh SE, or Macintosh II computer</li> <li>AppleScanner</li> <li>Videodigitizing device</li> <li>RCAvideopatch cables (2)</li> <li>Videosources: -Videodiscplayer (with audiovisual cables and an RS-232 serial interface cable)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>-Videocassette recorder (with audiovisual cables)</li> <li>-Videocamera (with audiovisual cables)</li> <li>Television monitor</li> <li>HyperCard</li> <li>Optional: AppleCDSC<sup>™</sup> driveforCD-ROM discs with clip-art libraries</li> </ul>

Cable Diagram





## Interactive Imaging Workstation

**Products and Vendors** 

#### Computers

Apple Macintosh Pluswithhard disk Apple Macintosh SEwithinternal harddisk Apple Macintosh II withinternal harddisk

Scanner AppleScanner Digitizers ProViz Video Digitizer (framegrabber), Pixelogic MacVision Video Digitizer (slowscanner), Koala Technologies NUVew (framegrabber), ASTResearch, Inc. Vendors AppleComputer, Inc. 20525/MarianiAvenue Cupertino, CA95014 (408)996-1010 ASTResearch, Inc. 2121 Alton Avenue Irvine, CA92714 (714)863-0181

KoalaTechnologiesCorporation 269MountHermonRoad ScottsValley,CA95066 (408)438-0946

Pixelogic 800WestCummingsPark, Suite2900 Woburn,MA01801 (617)938-7711

AppleComputer, Inc.

20525MarianiAvenue Cupertino, CA 95014 (408)996-1010 TLX: 171-576 ©1989AppleComputer, Inc. Apple, the Applelogo, HyperCard, and Macintosh are registered trademarks of AppleComputer, Inc. AppleCDSC, AppleScan, and HyperScanare trademarks of AppleComputer, Inc. MacPaintis are gistered trademark of Claris Corporation. Mention of the above third-party products is for informational purposes only and constitutes neither an endorsement nor a recommendation. All product specifications and descriptions were supplied by the respective vendor or supplier. Apple assumes no responsibility with regard to the selection, performance, or use of these products. All understandings, agreements, orwarranties, if any, take place directly between the vendors and the prospective users. February 1989. Printed in the U.S.A. MO073LL/A